Building your own Robot Arm

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Lesson Focus
Develop a robot arm using common materials. Students will explore design, construction, teamwork, and materials selection and use. Note: This lesson plan is designed for classroom use only, with supervision by a teacher familiar with electrical and electronic concepts.

Lesson Synopsis
Participating teams of three or four students are provided with a bag including the materials listed below. Each team must use the materials to design and build a working robot arm. The robot arm must be at least 18 inches in length and be able to pick up an empty Styrofoam cup. Teams of students must agree on a design for the robot arm and identify what materials will be used. Students will draw a sketch of their agreed upon design prior to construction. Resulting robot arms are then tested and checked for range of motion and satisfaction of the given criteria.

Objectives
• Learn design concepts.
• Learn teamwork.
• Learn problem solving techniques.
• Learn about simple machines.

Anticipated Learner Outcomes
As a result of this activity, students should develop an understanding of:
• design concepts
• teamwork needed in the design process
• impact of technology in manufacturing

Lesson Activities
Students design and build a working robotic arm from a set of everyday items with a goal of having the arm be able to pick up a Styrofoam cup. Working in teams of three or four students, the students explore effective teamwork skills while learning simple robot mechanics.

Alignment to Curriculum Frameworks
See attached curriculum alignment sheet.
**Resources/Materials**
- 3" wide and approx. 22" long strips of cardboard -- 5 or so
- Binder clips (different sizes) -- 8 or more
- Brads -- @10
- Clothespins -- 6
- Craft sticks --10-15
- Fishing line -- 3-4 feet
- Hangers -- 1 or 2
- Paper clips (diff. Sizes) -- 10-15
- Pencils -- 3-4
- Rubber bands (different sizes) --15
- Tape -- clear and masking (partial rolls should be fine)
- Twine -- 3-4 feet
- Various size scraps of cardboard --10 assorted

**Internet Connections**
- TryEngineering (www.tryengineering.org)
- Design Your Own Robot (www.mos.org/robot/robot.html)
- FIRST Robotics Competition (www.usfirst.org)
- ITEA Standards for Technological Literacy: Content for the Study of Technology (www.iteaconnect.org/TAA)
- NSTA National Science Education Standards (www.nsta.org/standards)
- NCTM Principles and Standards for School Mathematics (http://standards.nctm.org)
- Robot Books (www.robotbooks.com)

**Recommended Reading**
- Robots (Fast Forward) by Mark Bergin (ISBN: 0531146162)

**Optional Writing Activity**
- Write an essay (or paragraph depending on age) about how the invention of robots and robotics has impacted manufacturing.

**References**
Ralph D. Painter and other volunteers - Florida West Coast USA Section of IEEE
URL: http://ewh.ieee.org/r3/floridawc

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MESA Day Prosthetic Arm Curriculum
These materials are for the internal use of California MESA staff and teachers only and should not be forwarded or used outside of MESA.
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For Teachers:
Alignment to Curriculum Frameworks
Note: All Lesson Plans in this series are aligned to the National Science Education Standards which were produced by the National Research Council and endorsed by the National Science Teachers Association, and if applicable, also to the International Technology Education Association's Standards for Technological Literacy or the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics' Principles and Standards for School Mathematics.

National Science Education Standards Grades 5-8 (ages 10 - 14)
CONTENT STANDARD B: Physical Science
As a result of their activities, all students should develop an understanding of
- Motions and forces
- Transfer of energy

National Science Education Standards Grades 9-12 (ages 14 - 18)
CONTENT STANDARD B: Physical Science
As a result of their activities, all students should develop understanding of
- Motions and forces
- Interactions of energy and matter
CONTENT STANDARD E: Science and Technology
As a result of activities, all students should develop
- Abilities of technological design
- Understandings about science and technology

Standards for Technological Literacy - All Ages
The Nature of Technology
- Standard 3: Students will develop an understanding of the relationships among technologies and the connections between technology and other fields of study.
Technology and Society
- Standard 7: Students will develop an understanding of the influence of technology on history.
Design
- Standard 9: Students will develop an understanding of engineering design.
- Standard 10: Students will develop an understanding of the role of troubleshooting, research and development, invention and innovation, and experimentation in problem solving.
Abilities for a Technological World
- Standard 11: Students will develop abilities to apply the design process.
The Designed World
- Standard 19: Students will develop an understanding of and be able to select and use manufacturing technologies.

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For Teachers:
Teacher Resources
Divide your class into teams of three or four students, and provide student handout (attached). Students are then instructed to examine the materials provided (see list below) and to work as a team to design and build a robot arm out of the materials. The robot arm must be at least 18 inches in length and be able to pick up an empty Styrofoam cup. Teams of students must agree on a design for the robot arm and identify what materials will be used. Students should draw a sketch of their agreed upon design prior to construction.

Resources/Materials
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- Twine-- 3-4 feet
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Extension Ideas
"Humans and Robots," a NASA educational brief which is attached, describes the robotics features on the International Space Station. The brief's classroom activity is about making and using an ISS grapple fixture known as an end effector. The PDF file is also available at http://spacelink.nasa.gov.
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Student Worksheet:

How To Build Your Own Robot Arm
You are a member of a team of three or four students, all working together to design and build a robot arm out of the following materials which are provided to you. The robot arm must be at least 18 inches in length and be able to pick up an empty Styrofoam cup. Your team must agree on a design for the robot arm and identify what materials will be used. Your team should draw a sketch of their agreed upon design prior to construction.

Part of the teamwork process is sharing ideas and determining which design your team will go with. Trial and error are part of the design process. There is no "right" answer to the problem - your team's creativity will likely generate an arm that is unique from the others designed in your class.

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Student Worksheet:
Robot Arm Exercise Questions

- Did you use all the materials provided to you? Why, or why not?

- Which item was most critical to your robot arm design?

- How did working as a team help in the design process?

- Were there any drawbacks to designing as a team?

- What did you learn from the designs developed by other teams?

- Name three industries that make use of robots in manufacturing:
References

Information for this curriculum was taken from the following websites: